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	the teachers of KVS as well as of Delhi Administration and other Union Territories' Hence, there is no case for a different treatment for KVS teachers.
3. Increase in internal promotion quota to 75% in general.	The present promotion quota of 33 1/3% is considered adequate. Further dilution of direct recruitment quota may adversely affect quality of teaching. In any case, in-service candidate are also eligible for direct recruitments.
4. Special promotional avenues for categories like Music Teachers, Drawing Teachers, etc.	Promotional avenues to the positions of PGTs cannot be available to these categories because these subjects are not taught as electives at plus two stage. However, under the time-bound promotion schemes, senior scale and selection scale are available, after 12 years of service in the lower scale.
5. Special Grade for Music Teachers.	Music is taught only as Cocurricular activity upto Class VIII. So, it is not feasible to give special grade for Music Teachers.

3. *Demands of Delhi Adhyapak Parishad.*

The teachers representing Delhi Adhyapak Parishad had staged a rally at the Boat Club on 13-3-90. The Delhi Adhyapka Parishad in their Memorandum dt. 9-3-90 and 28-3-90 have demanded composite running pay scale and adequate arrangements for medical care. The Government has not accepted the demand for single running scale as it would not be in the best interests of maintaining the educational standards and may act as a disincentive to teachers in acquiring higher qualifications. As regards the demand for adequate medical care, the Delhi School teachers are at present getting a fixed medical allowance of Rs. 15/- per month in addition to the facility of reimbursement of expenses incurred for treatment of chronic diseases/serious illness in hospitals. For further improvement in the medical care of the teachers, a Health Insurance Scheme for teachers has been offered to them which they have not accepted so far.

As regards the present stage of implementation of report, the Government has already laid an action taken report on the Table of the Sabha on 11.12.87, and 13.5.88.

Monitoring of Marine Environment

1471. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI. Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that severe marine pollution is destroying marine life and environment, as reported in the Financial Express dated the 18th March, 1990;

(b) if so, whether regular monitoring of marine environment is carried out within the territorial/economic zone of the country; if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether regular reports are brought out on the subject nationally and those responsible for causing pollution are seriously dealt with.

(d) whether in case of dumping of wastes by outsiders any action is being taken where necessary; and

(e) whether regular patrolling is done for this purpose to check pollution?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (PROF M. G. K. MENON): (a) Marine pollution is not destroying marine life or environment on Indian coast except around

harbours or coastal urban centres having industrial complexes, here the impact of pollution on marine life is localised.

(b) Monitoring of Indian waters is being done through the coastal monitoring programme of the Central Pollution Control Board and also through the marine pollution monitoring programme of the Department of Ocean Development, which covers not only the coastal areas but also the off shore areas upto 25 Km.

(c) Though no national reports on a regular basis have been brought out, the monitoring agencies send the reports of their efforts to the Central Pollution Control Board and the State Pollution Control Boards, who initiate action against offenders under the Water Act, 1974 and Environment Protection Act, 1986.

(d) In case of dumping of wastes by foreign vessels in Indian waters. Coast Guard Organisation, Indian Navy and the Ports Authorities are alerted to watch out and prevent such dumping. State Pollution Control Boards and Coast Guard Organisation are empowered to take action against dumping of wastes.

(e) Coast Guard ships and aircraft during their routione sorties at sea, carry out surveillance with a view to checking pollution.

Govt's Direction to KVS regarding implementation of review committee's recommendations

1472. SHRI GURUDAS DAS GUPTA:

SHRI ISH DUIT YADAV:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government had directed the Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan in May, 1990 that decisions arrived at by it on the suggestions of High Power Committee on Review Committee recommendations should be implemented forthwith;

(b) if so, what are the details of these decision; and

(c) if not, the reasons for not executing the decisions of Government's directions?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA): (a) to (c) The recommendations of the Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan Review Committee were examined by an Empowered Committee constituted by the Government. Together with the advice of the Empowered Committee the recommendations of the Review Committee have been sent to the Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan for the purpose of follow up action, as per rules. The matter will be placed before the Board of Governors at the next meeting.

Since Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan is an autonomous body, all the decisions are to be taken by it after approval of the same by its Board of Governors and as per established rules.

Amount allotted to autonomous colleges in Orissa

1473. SHRI BASUDEB MOHAPATRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 782 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 15th May, 1990 and state what is the total amount sanctioned for each autonomous college during the current financial year in Orissa?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA): The University Grants Commission (UGC) has given its concurrence to grant of autonomy to five colleges in Orissa. However two of these are Engineering Colleges which are not eligible for